

# Synthetic Approaches towards New Bisformazans and Bisverdazyls

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*J. Chem. Research (S)*,  
1998, 184–185  
*J. Chem. Research (M)*,  
1998, 0901–0914

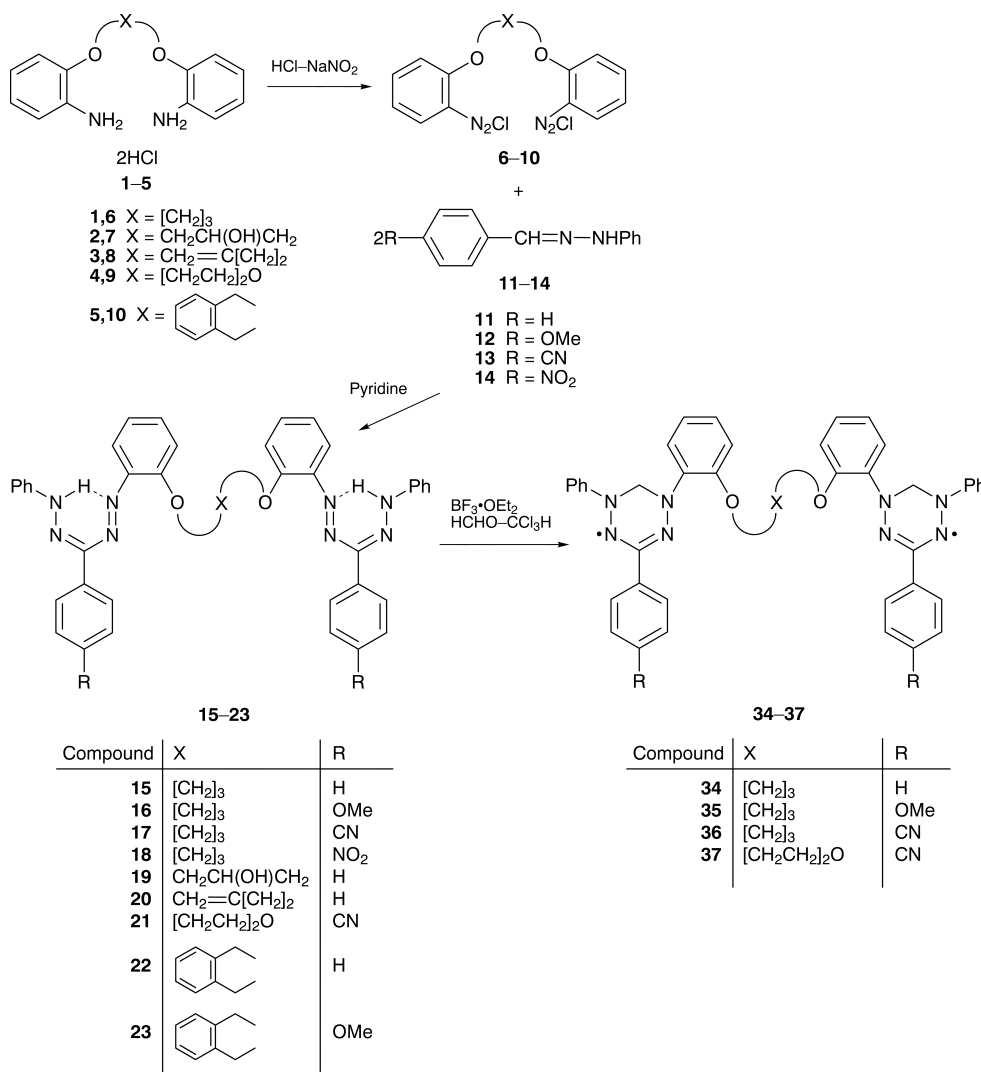
The new bisformazans **15–23**, **28** and **29** are prepared *via* three routes and some are converted into the corresponding bisverdazyls **34–37** which represents a new class of stable diradicals.

Much attention has been directed towards the chemistry of formazans owing to their diverse applications in many fields.<sup>1,5,8,27</sup> Moreover, verdazyls discovered by Kuhn and Trischman<sup>17,18</sup> represent a class of extraordinary stable free radicals with many interesting applications.<sup>26</sup> The present investigation describes three synthetic routes for the synthesis of the bisformazans **15–23**, **28** and **29** (Schemes 1 and 2) and the conversion of some to the corresponding bisverdazyls **34–37**.

Thus, coupling of the bisdiazonium salts **6–10** (prepared from the corresponding bisamines **1–5**) with the appropriate araldehyde phenylhydrazones **11–14** in pyridine gave

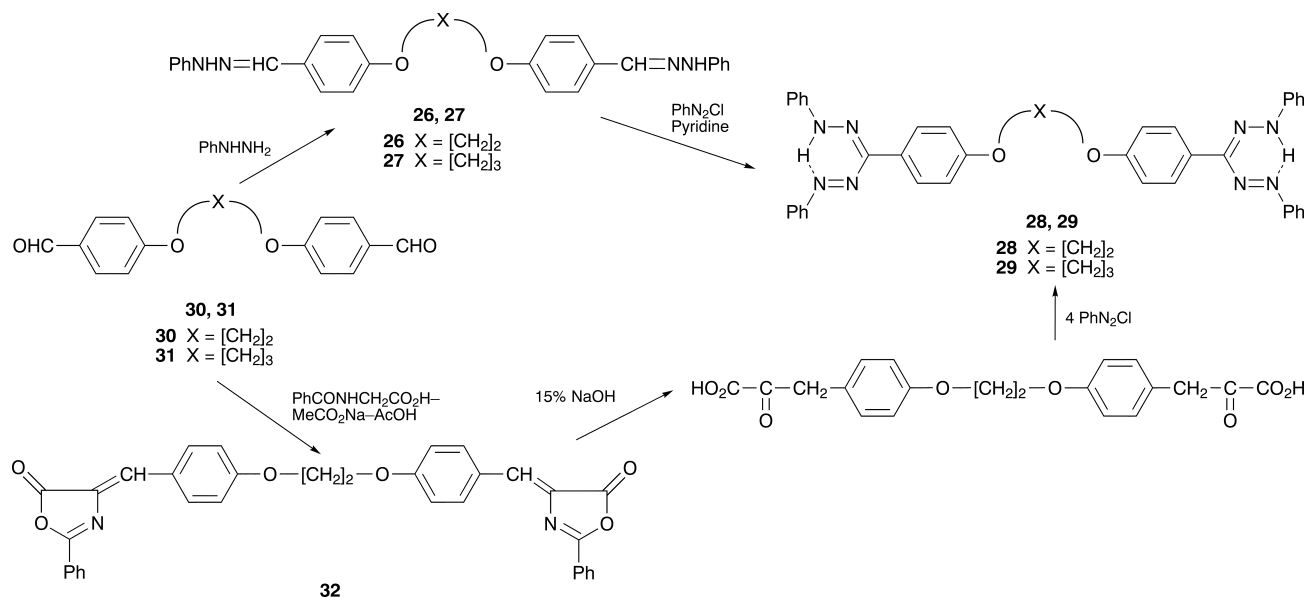
the corresponding bisformazans **15–23** in 56–64% yield. Following a recent recommended method using phase transfer catalytic synthesis of formazans<sup>29</sup> the yields of compounds **17**, **19** and **21** were increased to 69–70% when the coupling reaction was carried out in dichloromethane containing either Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> or NaOH and tetrabutylammonium iodide as PTC.

On the other hand, the bisformazans **28** and **29** were prepared from the bis-carboxaldehyde derivatives **30**, **31** by converting them into the corresponding bisphenylhydrazones followed by coupling with benzenediazonium chloride in pyridine. Alternatively, compound **28** was prepared



Scheme 1

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Scheme 2

from 1,2-bis(*p*-formylphenoxy)ethane **30** by converting it first to the bisarylpurvic acid **33** (via the intermediate bisoxazolone **32**) followed by coupling with benzene-diazonium chloride.

Finally compounds **15–17** and **21** were converted into the interesting new bisverdazyls **34–37** upon treatment with paraformaldehyde and boron trifluoride diethyl etherate in chloroform, followed by aqueous formaldehyde and then aqueous sodium hydroxide as reported.<sup>33</sup>

We are indebted to Professor Dr P. Kronek, Fakultät für Biologie, Universität Konstanz, Germany, for recording the ESR spectra.

Techniques used: <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR, MS, ESR

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Received, 23rd September 1997; Accepted, 17th December 1997  
 Paper E/7/06880H

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